Skin tear pathway ^[13] Using Atrauman[®] and Zetuvit[®] families

Types of skin tears

Type 1: No skin loss



Linear or flap tear which can be repositioned to cover the wound bed

Type 2: Partial flap loss



Partial flap loss which cannot be repositioned to cover the wound bed

Type 3: Total flap loss



Total flap loss exposing entire wound bed

Treatment plan for skin tears

Stop bleeding Apply pressure and elevate if appropriate.

2

Irrigate wound Remove debris and any partial haematoma with sterile gloved finger, swab or sterile forceps.



3

Perform wound assessment Categorise type of skin tear and document. Include size and note colour and viability of flap.



Type 1 and 2 only Moisten flap if dry and realign without stretching, using a gloved finger or moist non-woven swab



Dress wound

Using appropriate Atrauman[®] product or Zetuvit[®] Plus Silicone Border (whichever is most appropriate) for atraumatic protection





If using Zetuvit® Plus Silicone Border draw an arrow in the direction the dressing should be removed to protect flap viability.

6 If us cove

If using an Atrauman® product cover with Zetuvit®/Zetuvit® Plus (depending on exudate levels) for padding and absorbency, secure with a tubular or retention bandage.



Review

If flap is non-viable, pale, dusky or darkened - review after 24–48 hours Otherwise review after 4–5 days.